MYANMAR

Location: Southeastern Asia, bordering the Andaman Sea and the Bay of Bengal, between

Bangladesh and Thailand

Capital: Naypyidaw

Government Type: Parliamentary Republic

Area:

Total: 676,578 sq km

Land: 653,508 sq km

Water: 23,070 sq km

Population: 54,577,997 WDI-2023

Rural Population: 37,051,911 (2023)

Population Density: (per sq KM) 82.42 2021 WDI

Population Growth Rate: 0.73% 2023 WDI

Population below Poverty Line: 6.2% (2022) WDI

Ethnic Groups: Burman (Bamar) 68%, Shan 9%, Karen 7%, Rakhine 4%, Chinese 3%, Indian 2%, Mon 2%, other 5%.

Climate: Tropical monsoon; cloudy, rainy, hot, humid summers (southwest monsoon, June to September); less cloudy, scant rainfall, mild temperatures, lower humidity during winter (northeast monsoon, December to April).

Natural Resources: Petroleum, timber, tin, antimony, zinc, copper, tungsten, lead, coal, marble, limestone, precious stones, natural gas, hydropower, arable land.

Languages: Burmese (official).

Religions: Buddhist 87.9%, Christian 6.2%, Muslim 4.3%, Animist 0.8%, Hindu 0.5%, other 0.2%, none 0.1%.

Land Use:

Agricultural Land: 19.9% (2022) FAO. (Arable land 84.7% (2022) FAO/ Permanent crops 11.6% (2022) FAO/ Permanent meadows and pastures 3.7% (2022)

Forest: 43.29% 2021 WDI

Other: 36.81%

Natural Hazards: Destructive earthquakes and cyclones; flooding and landslides common

during rainy season (June to September); periodic droughts.

Literacy: 87.07% WDI 2019

GDP - Real Growth Rate: 1.00% WDI 2023

GDP - Per Capita (PPP): \$1,168.68 WDI 2023

Exports: \$1497.80 USD Million (2022)Central Statistics Organization, Myanmar.

Exports Commodities: Natural gas; wood products; pulses and beans; fish; rice; clothing;

minerals, including jade and gems.

Improved Drinking Water Source: 82.38% of population (2022) WDI.

Improved Sanitation Facility Access: 74.13%. of population (2022) WDI