







**CENTRE ON INTEGRATED** RURAL DEVELOPMENT FOR **ASIA AND THE PACIFIC** 

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# In the Name of God, Most Gracious, the Merciful









The Role of Globally Important Agricultural Heritage Systems (GIAHS) in the Integrated Sustainable Agricultural, Rural, and Food Tourism Development

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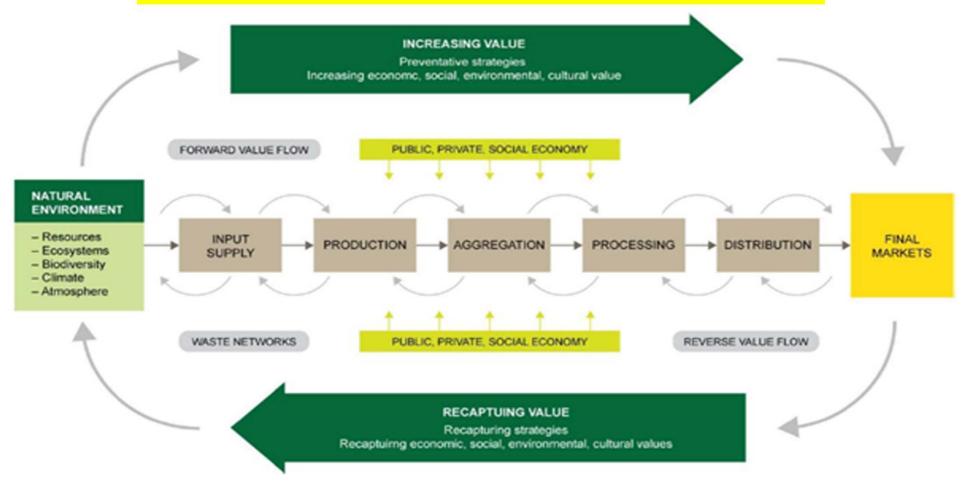




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#### **AgriFood Value Chain: From Gene to Cell**











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Famers had to establish complex and innovative land use/management practices due to : (a) geographic isolation:

(b) fragile ecosystems:

(c) limited natural resources:

(d) extreme climate conditions

Famers developed a strategy to minimize risks

by planting several species/varieties of crops









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### **Remarkable/Unique Agricultural Systems**

**Farmers Long Term Efforts** 

Specific and Unique Agricultural Systems

Food and livelihood security

**Agricultural-biodiversity and its** associated biodiversity

**Ingenious technology/practices for** agricultural production and resource management

Landscape

Valuable Cultural Heritage









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Since approximately 100 years ago,

**Small and traditional agricultural** systems, condemned to low productivity and income, were disregarded in development plans and policies.



Facilities, services, markets, incentives, etc., were primarily directed towards modern agriculture.









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The failure of industrial and modern agriculture, despite the values of science and technology in agriculture, led to the following problems:

**Climate change and damage to agriculture** 

Increasing competition for exploitation of natural resources

Weakening the livelihood resources of farmers and villagers

Reduction of ecological reserves and biodiversity

Migration of young people from agriculture and rural sector

**Gradual deterioration of cultural values** 

Reduction of social capital in farmers and villagers











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2002	During the World Summit on Sustainable Development (WSSD) in Johannesburg, South Africa, the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) of the United Nations launches a Global Partnership Initiative to protect and support family farming and to conserve "Globally Important Agricultural Heritage Systems."
2012	With 16 sites designated and many more proposed in various countries within the first 10 years, GIAHS has earned international recognition and appreciation at various intergovernmental fora. In the meantime, international, regional and national conferences, seminars, training courses to enhance the capacity of member countries and to disseminate the concept of GIAHS have been carried out.
2013	At the 148th session of the FAO Council, members have agreed that GIAHS shall become an integral part of FAO's framework and receive a formal status. A first Conference Resolution for anchoring GIAHS within the Organization was drafted.









Following discussions during the 24th session of the Committee of Agriculture (COAG) in 2014 and during the 39th FAO Conference the following year, the GIAHS programme has been officially endorsed as a FAO Regular Programme in 2015. 2014-2015 In order to streamline and facilitate designation processes, in 2016, GIAHS launches the Scientific Advisory Group (SAG) with the aim to provide scientific advice on the GIAHS programme and conduct designation of GIAHS sites. The SAG is elected on a rotational 2-year term. 2016 Looking back on 20 years of GIAHS, GIAHS has organized capacity building workshops for local farming communities, civil society organizations and Government Official. The programme promoted policies and incentives to support the dynamic conservation and potential of GIAHS and helped to 2022 implement concrete rural development actions, while promoting traditional knowledge and local cultures.

APERDRI

2024

Islamic Republic of Iran Ministry of Agriculture Jahad Agricultural Planning, Economic and Rural Development Research Institute (APERDRI)







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Since 2005, FAO has designated **86 systems in 26 countries** as agricultural heritage sites, and currently, **10 new** proposals from 6 different countries were received.











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2024

Since 2005, FAO has designated **86 systems in 26 countries** as agricultural heritage sites, and currently, **10 new proposals** from 6 different countries were received.

Rank	Country	Number of Designated Sites
1	China	22
2	Japan	15
3	Republic of Korea	7
4	Islamic Republic of Iran	6
5	Spain	5









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The GIAHS Programme promotes public understanding, awareness, national and international recognition of Agricultural Heritage systems.



Our food. Our future. Our heritage.

#AgriculturalHeritag

Globally Important Agricultural Heritage Systems (GIAHS); combines agricultural biodiversity, resilient ecosystems, traditional agricultural experiences and cultural identity.

**Remarkable land use systems and landscapes** 

which are: rich in globally significant biological diversity;

evolving from the co-adaptation of a community with its environment and its needs; and aspirations for sustainable development









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The overall goal of the GIAHS Programme is to identify and safeguard Globally Important Agricultural Heritage Systems and their associated landscapes, agricultural biodiversity and knowledge systems through catalyzing and establishing a long-term programme to support such systems and enhance global, national and local benefits derived through their dynamic conservation, sustainable management and enhanced viability.



Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations





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To achieve this goal, the main objectives are:

1.To leverage global and national recognition of the importance of agricultural heritage systems and institutional support for their safeguard;

2.Capacity building of local farming communities and local and national institutions to conserve and manage GIAHS, generate income and add economic value to goods and services of such systems in a sustainable fashion;

3.To promote enabling regulatory policies and incentive environments to support the conservation, evolutionary adaptation and viability of GIAHS;





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#### **1.Preparation and Submission of GIAHS proposals**

2. Acceptance and Screening of GIAHS Proposals

3. Evaluation and Designation of the GIAHS sites2 by the Scientific Advisory Group (SAG)

4. Certification and Registration

#### 5. Monitoring and Evaluation

















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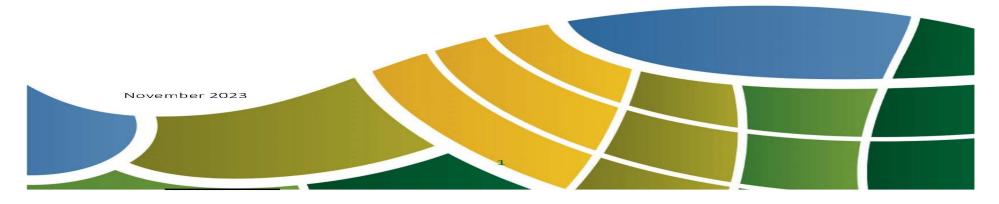
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#### Guidelines for Developing a **GIAHS** Proposal Document



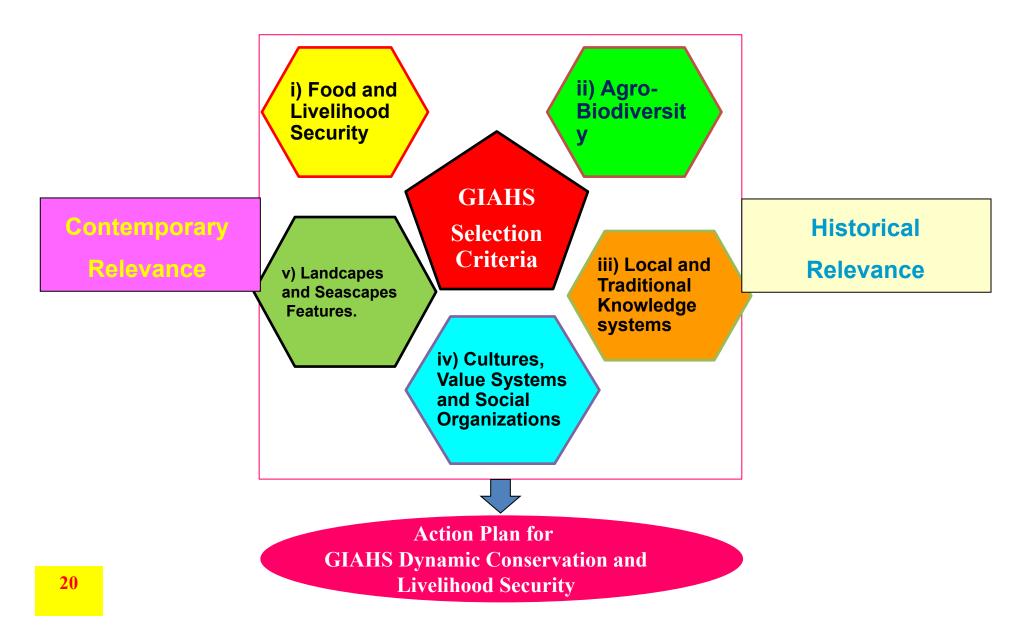








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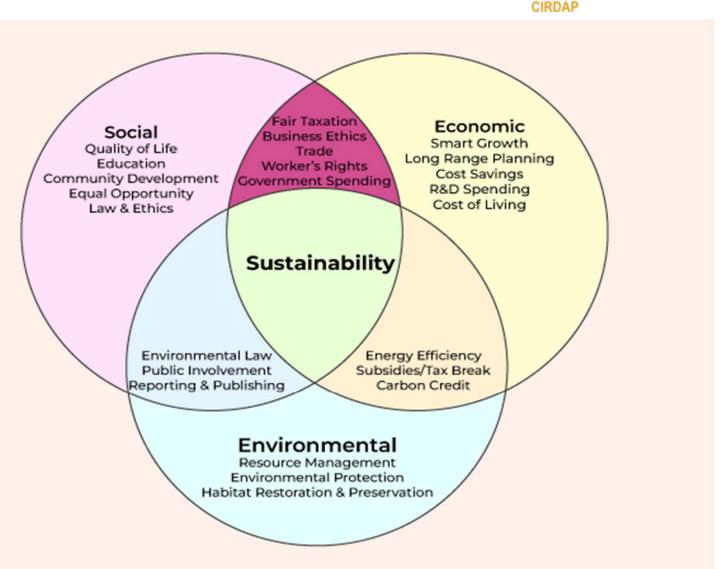
Environment Bearable Viable Sustainable Economic Social Equitable









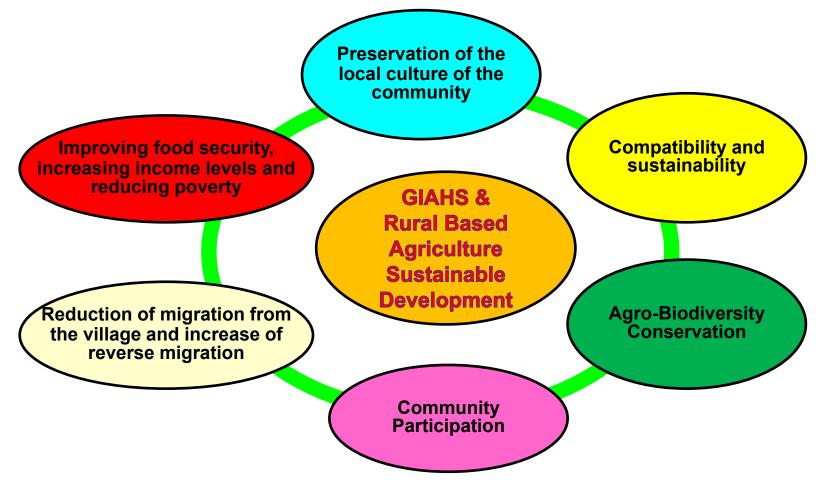








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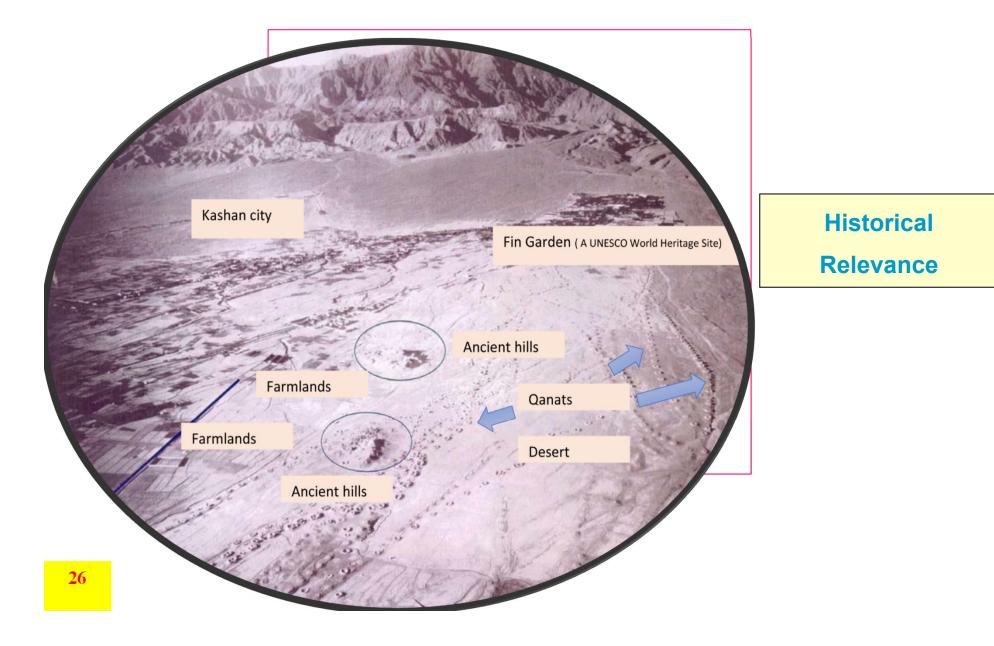








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i) Food and Livelihood Security

Contemporary

Relevance



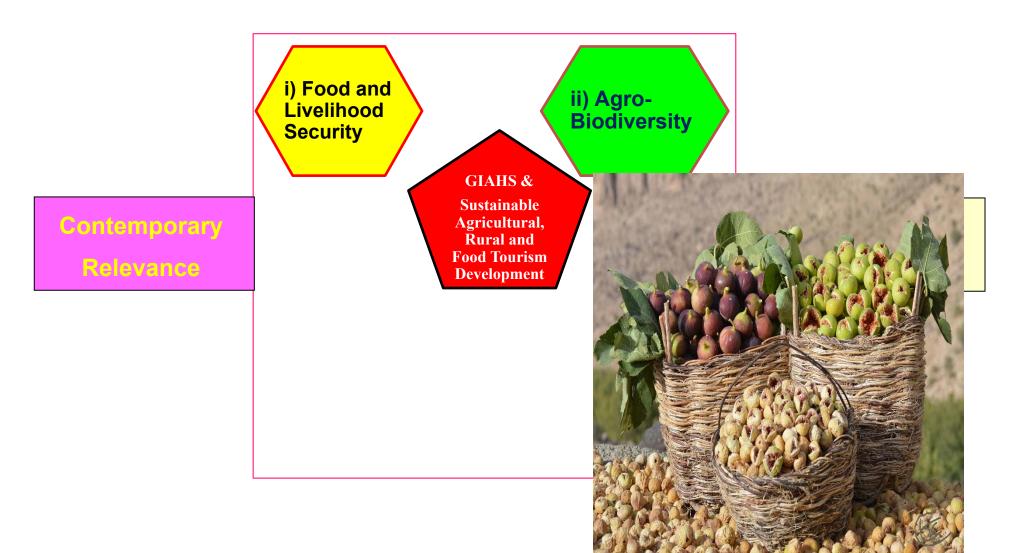








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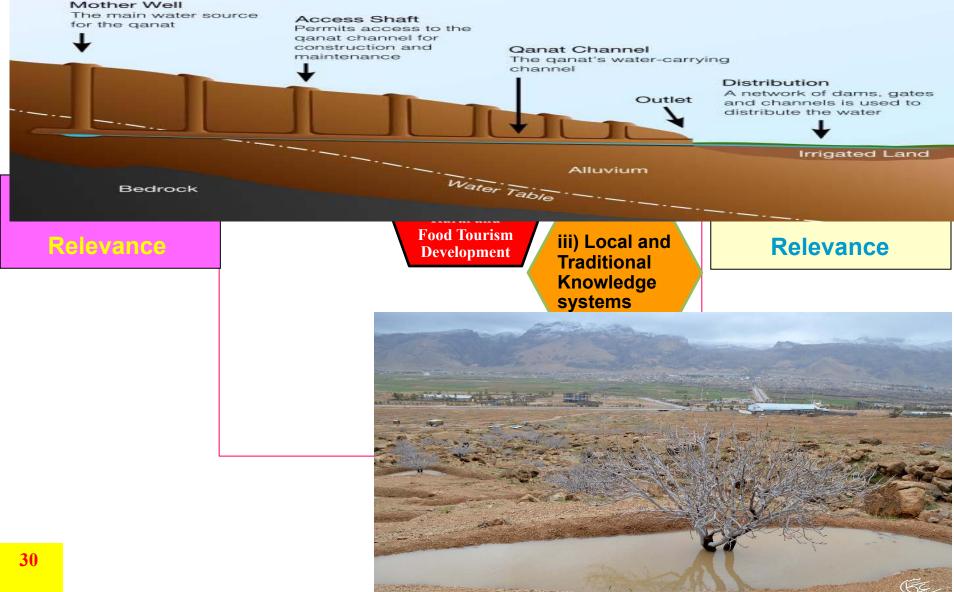








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the GIAHS Programme promotes intervention strategies at three distinct levels:

1.At the **Global level**, it will facilitate international recognition of the concept of GIAHS wherein globally significant agrobiodiversity is harbored, and it will consolidate and disseminate lessons learned and best practices from project activities at the pilot country level.

2.At the **National level** in pilot countries, project activities will ensure mainstreaming of the GIAHS concept in national sectoral and inter-sectoral plans and policies.

3.At the **Local/Site level** in pilot countries, the project activities will address conservation and adaptive management at the community level.









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## **GIAHS** is belonging to all of us and Future Generations **Thank You for Your** Attention akianirad@gmail.com a.kianirad@agri-peri.ac.ir www.fao.org/giahs







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